

# Future Tense



## **We can use the simple future tense :**

- 1. When we predict a future event or situation,**  
**e.g. I think that the white robot will win the race.**
- 2. When we make decisions at the time of speaking,**  
**e.g. What time do you want to meet tomorrow morning? I'll meet you at ten.**

# Adverbs that are used in the future tense:

**tomorrow**

**The day after tomorrow**

**In a few days**

**Two days later**

**In two weeks ' time**

**Next Sunday**

**In a few minutes**

**In the future**

# Positive & negative statements of simple future tense :

Subject	Auxiliary Verb	Main Verb	
I, you, we, they, he, she	will	be	home in a few days. on holiday next Sunday. be at home tomorrow.
	won't	go	to school tomorrow.



# Question Forms of be going to:

Aux. Verb	Subj.	Aux. Verb	Main Verb	Object
Am	I	going to	buy install	a computer? some software
Are	you we they			
Is	he she it			



We can also use be going to in the future tense to express a greater degree of certainty.

We can use be going to to:

1. Talk about what we think will happen soon,  
e.g. Look at those black clouds. It's going to rain.
2. Talk about what we have already arranged or decided to do, e.g. I'm going to punish Mary because she is so talkative.

# Negative & Positive Forms of be

## going to:

Subject	Auxilliary Verbs	Main Verb	Object	Time	
I	am am not	going to	visit	the girl	tomorrow
You We They	are aren't				
He She It	is isn't				

# Question Forms of be going to:

Aux. Verb	Subject	Aux. Verb	Main Verb	Object
Am	I	going to	buy install	a computer? some software?
Are	you we they			
Is	he she it			



# Difference

I will go to the campus

I am going to go to campus

I am about to go to campus

