

Desain VLAN for the Management of IP Address of SMK N 1 Lempuing of Regency OKI

Imam Solikin, Firdaus, Linda Atika

Master of Information Technology
Bina Darma University
e-mail : im.solikin@live.com

Abstract

SMK N 1 Lempuing represent the institution of education of School of Upstairs Continuation (SLTA) having three vocational, Technique of Computer Network (TKJ), Accountancy (AK), and Light Technique Kendaraan (TKR). Requirement in computer network very high in sharing and information seeking. Others requirement for the management of network very needed to to improve the network performance. This research, writer apply the technology of network VLAN (virtual local of area network) in memdesain of computer network of SMK N 1 Lempuing to increase kinerja in data communications. VLAN represent a/n mechanism which can be used for the segmentation of network in equipments of router and switch. Adjustment of technology by VLAN this will be more be effective because easier for the management of network. Researcher in this pemdesainan VLAN is penggunaan of simulation of Packet Tracer 5.0. [Through/ passing] way of this network equipments of exist in SMK N 1 Lempuing earn the dioptimasi to support the network performance.

Keywords : *Computer Network, VLAN, Packet Tracer 5.0*

1 INTRODUCTION

Technological progress of network in Indonesia at the moment experience of the growth very fast. Network technology require the high speed in information stream among other things server by client, server by server is other and client by client is other. To reach the good target at the network hence dibutuhkan of good infrastructure.

Vocational High School Country 1 Lempuing represent the Vocational High School consisted of vocational of TKJ, AK, and TKR. Vocational High School of Country 1 Lempuing financed by by fund APBD (Revenue Plan And Area Expense). In the year 2008 standing Vocational High School of Country 1 Lempuing which have address to in Countryside of Sindang Sari, Subdistrict of Lempuing of Regency of Ogan Komering Ilir.

These Days, Vocational High School of Country 1 Lempuing not yet applied the virtual local area network (VLAN) in arrangement of IP Address. At The Moment Vocational High School of Country 1 Lempuing, at network LAN not yet there is subdividing host, not yet



Figure 1: DHCP of Group VLAN 2

there is demarcation access the network and only use the IP address private that is class C, so that range IP address can be guessed easily and all activities computer (host) in network can be in peeping. This situation results in Vocational middle condition. At school less be maximal in its network processing and representation of Vocational cause inefficiency High School, what is at its practical tataran results the koneksi is often broken and lower the penetrating nya of Vocational TIK High School of Country 1 Lempuing.

VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network) representing a(n) network to overcome some difficulty which cannot be finished by traditional local area network. Virtual Local of area network earn the mengelompokan beberapa host which be at the different building or place become one group, for example teacher group, group TU, pupil group, and others, (Iwan, 2009 : 126). Virtual Local of area network also applicable to limit to access the network. This matter to make the infrastructure network in SMK N 1 Lempuing become the jaringan which can water down and quicken the data communications.

Pursuant to above description, to overcome the network problems require to the existence of development of network of virtual local of area network. the Virtual Local area network to assist in watering down and quickening to access the interkoneksi, so that be time used to do the work more effective and efficient. From the clarification, hence writer of infrastructure mendesain network of VLAN with the Title "Desain VLAN for the Management of IP Address OF SMK N 1 Lempuing of Regency OKI".

2 RESEARCH METHOD

2.1 Data Collecting Method

To get the picture of concerning situation at SMK N 1 Lempuing required in research, hence method of data collecting used shall be as follows :

1. Observation method
2. Method interview the
3. Documentation method

4. Method evaluate book

3 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

3.1 System Development Method

Method of Development system represent the phase used in research to do the desain VLAN (virtual local area network) for the management of Internet Protocol Address of at SMK N 1 Lempuing of Regency of Ogan Komering Strop, for the purpose of so that this research can be reached better. As for phase of method of development system used shall be as follows

1. Analyse Network.

Analyse the network to know the problem and weakness to system of computer network of exist in SMK N 1 Lempuing of Regency of Ogan Komering Strop. At holding up this researcher will do the observe that is direct vision of system of computer network of at SMK N 1 Lempuing of Regency of Ogan Komering Strop and do the interview to ask the constraints of any kind of which deal with service or work the computer network by user and administration of exist in curvature work the SMK N 1 Lempuing of Regency of Ogan Komering Ilir.

2. Desain VLAN (virtual local area network).

Pendesainan VLAN represent to hold up how to divide the computer network of exist in SMK N 1 Lempuing of Regency of Ogan Komering Strop to become the certain group by combining various class of IP address to each different group as according to unit work the user, information system used in this case is rights demarcation access to computer server, and also do the arrangement to router so that address can be done dynamicly with a fox of topology of network physical which there have. In this research is researcher use the aid of application program of Microsoft Visio 2007 for the pendesainan of network of VLAN and IP Calculator to calculate the network address, broadcast address, subnet mask, ip range of pursuant to computer amount to each group VLAN.

3. Examination VLAN (virtual local area network).

After finishing to do the pendesainan hence step hereinafter is examination. In this examination phase is researcher use an application program of network simulation that is Packet Tracer 5.0 for the simulation of koneksi usher the network VLAN by doing ping terhadap of all computer (host) of exist in in network (network) to know what all computer have koneksi or not yet.

4. Documentation.

At this phase is researcher will pour the result from all above step into making report or document.

3.2 Testing

1. Examination of Result Of Configuraton VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network).

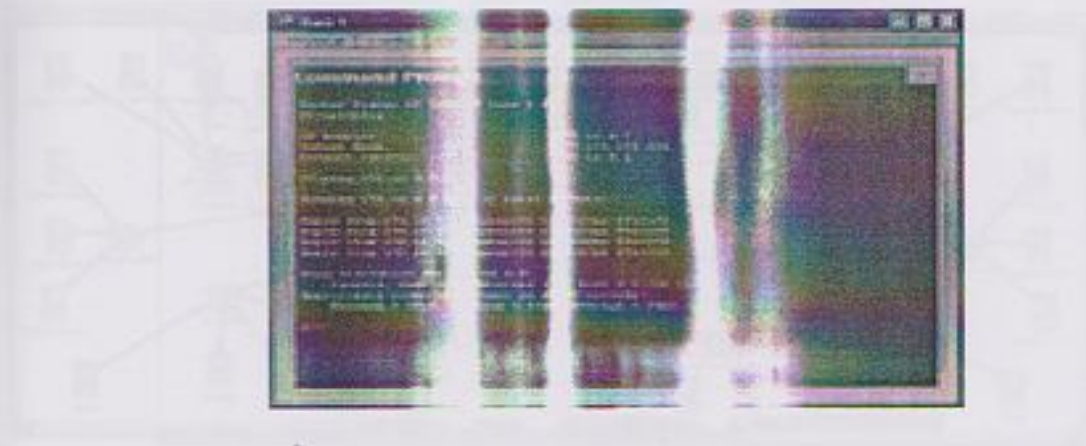


Figure 2: Result of configuration of host connected to teacher

As for step in examination result of from configuration VLAN for the network of SMK N 1 Lempuing shall be as follows: examination:

2. Examination of Koneksi (connection) of examination VLAN done as follows:
 - (a) Test the koneksi into VLAN in same peripheral switch. Host learn by host is teacher, second of this host merged into same group VLAN that is VLAN 4 and stay in one peripheral switch is switch residing in in teacher column. Show in Figure 2.
 - (b) Test the koneksi using VLAN into peripheral switch. Host learn by host is TU, second of this host by group VLAN 4 merged into different peripheral switch of group VLAN 5 and also stay in the different network with teacher residing in one peripheral switch while host teacher reside at the peripheral of switch TU residing in space TU.
 - (c) Test the koneksi using VLAN into building. Host TU by host is Lab, second of this host merged into group VLAN that is VLAN 2 and VLAN 5 and stay in different peripheral switch and also different building location also.
3. Rights demarcation access configuration of peripheral network using user and password authentication although all host of exist in server, but to can to use server, the user have to own the username and password by server.

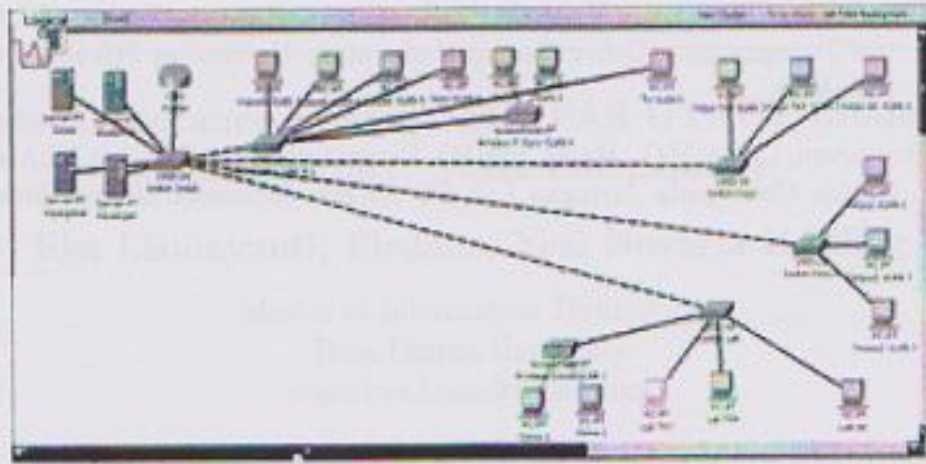


Figure 3: Simulation of VLAN SMK N 1 Lempuing

4 CONCLUSION

As for conclusion which can be taken away from by this research shall be as follows

1. With the network VLAN of at SMK N 1 Lempuing hence divisible network become some group of sacara virtual and combine some class IP address to each group, configuraton of peripheral router so that all host residing in in network can communicate with the goodness although differ the group VLAN, and most importantly is rights demarcation access to application which is there are in server, access is only permitted for the host of different and server in same group.
2. With the this network VLAN is SMK N 1 Lempuing can improve the control to broadcast domain so that can lessen the density traffic of at path of data transmission so that can improve the network performance 3. In SMK N 1 Lempuing with the network VLAN hence computer network earn the dikelompokan become 4 (empat) kelompok-VLAN for example VLAN 2 (tudent), VLAN 3 (akademik) VLAN
3. (Officer) and VLAN 4 (finance), as according to unit work the, application used by combining various class IP address and also the mengkoneksikan network so that can improve the network security by configuraton of peripheral switch without fox of network topology in physical 4. Communications usher the VLAN and also address dynamicly (DHCP) can be done with the configuraton a peripheral router

References

- Daryanto, (2010), *Teknik Jaringan Komputer*. Bandung : Penerbit Alfabeta.
- Subana, Sudrajat, (2005), *Dasar-Dasar Penelitian Ilmiah*. Bandung : CV Pustaka Setia.
- Sofana, I., (2009), *Cisco CCNA & Jaringan Komputer*. Bandung : Penerbit Informatika.
- Sofana, I., (2008), *Membangun Jaringan Komputer*. Bandung : Penerbit Informatika.