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**RELATIONSHIP MANAGERIAL ABILITY AND MOTIVATION OF THE VILLAGE  
GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WITH RURAL DEVELOPMENT  
IN THE DISTRICT AIR KUMBANG BANYUASIN**

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**Abstrack**

This study aims: *first* to determine and analyze the level of managerial ability village government officials in the District Air Kumbang Banyuasin. *Second* To determine and analyze motivation village government officials in the District Air Kumbang Banyuasin. *Third* To describe the level of rural development in the District Water Beetles Banyuasin. *Fourth* To describe and analyze the relationship between managerial ability and motivation of the village government officials with rural development in the District Air Kumbang Banyuasin. This study is located in the district of water beetles banyuasin district. Population and sample in this research is the head of the village and village officials who were 30 respondents primary data obtained from Quisioneran data analysis using SPSS *Product Moment Correlation*

Keyword: Manajerial Ability, Motivation, Construction Village.

**1. INTRODUCTION**

The enactment of Law No. 6 of 2014 which regulates the village, confirmed that the implementation of the Government of the village, the implementation of development, social development, and community empowerment based on Pancasila, the Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia Year 1945, the Republic of Indonesia, and Unity in Diversity. Since the passing of legislation by the village government, public expectations regarding the law to empower and build the village continues to increase. But with the promise of \$ 1 billion per village, potential new injustice, because in the Village Law budget amount obtained every village can not be generalized, philosophy built in the Village Act is equity, not leveling. In the Village Law, budget obtained every village refers to the number of population, area, poverty and others. Therefore, the budget obtained every village, can be less than USD 1 billion and more than USD 1 billion. In fact, there is a village that can get Rp 2 billion to Rp 3 billion villagers more or larger are a to get the fund should not be the same village with a population of fewer or more narrow village area. This fact proves that the level money USD 1 billion per village contrary to the spirit embodied in the Village Law, because they could create social injustice and jealousy. In the end it will stimulate euphoria village expansion can cause chaos.

In the early observations of researchers, respondents encountered in the field have an educational background that is no think accordance with government regulations under Law No. 6 of 2014 which states village officials should be educated high school. While the research er encountered many village officials are still junior high school education. In the implementation of village government rarely held training and education for village officials, so that village officials about getting a chance to go out and get new experiences that are useful in adding their in sight.

On the basis of objective condition above, one key to the success of the village government organizations in implementing rural development, located on the managerial ability and motivation from local government in building the village. For that we need to do further research how much the relationship managerial ability and motivation of village officials with rural development in the District Air Kumbang Kabupaten Banyuasin.

**2. RESEARCH METODOLOGY**

The location of this research was carried out in the district of Air Kumbang Banyuasin South Sumatra Province. The object of this research is a village in the district government officials Air Kumbang Banyuain. In this study, the unit of analysis is the organization, while the

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organizations in this study is the head of the village and village officials in the District air Kumbang.

Respondents were selected in this study is the head of the village and village government officials in the District Air Kumbang Banyuasin. Air Kumbang District consists of 16 villages, each of which has five village officials are divided in the Village Secretary, Head of Public service, Head of Development, Head of Government and Head of Hamlet. Researchers will take Respondents from villages in the District Air Kumbang buffer totaling 6 villages namely Sidomulyo, Cintamanis baru Village, Village Nusamakmur, Rimba Jaya Village, the Village of Rimba jaya and Village Sebokor. So in this study the respondents amounted to 25 people

Once the data is collected, the next step is the processing and analysis of qualitative data. Data analyzed descriptively analyzed .quantitative data were analyzed using statistics. To test the research hypothesis, we used the product moment correlation analysis, with the help of computer software Statistical Product and Service Solutions (SPSS) Version 20.

### 3. CONCLUSION

Because of this research is still in the process of distributing questionnaires to the respondents so for the current research to chapter III. This happens because the residence of respondents sampled in this study had a distant location, causing researchers should take a little longer for the completion of this research. Researchers promised to complete the research after the required data has been collected will be processed in accordance with the data analysis to be performed.

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