

Football Performance Improvement Planning in Sub-district Sanga Desa District Musi Banyuasin

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Abstract

This studyaims to determine the planning management Sports Performance Improvementball of the foot insub-districts Sanga Desa District Musi Banyuasin, type of research in this activityis aquantitativer esearch. Data collected by(1) observation; (2) interviews with informants. The data was then analyzed channeled through several stages:(1) the collection of information; (2) reduction of data; (3) presentation of data; and(4) conclusion. Research subjects this study is that coaches, players and administrators serius FC. The results showed Recapitulation of Instrumentstraining Program Based on the Board's response, Coaches, Players Retrieved percentage of 49.02% can becategorized poor. Recapitulation Instruments of coach Quality Based on Response of coach Retrieved percentage of 68.75% can be categorized quite good. Recapitulation Instruments offacilities and Infrastructures Based Response of Management, Player/Athleteand coach Retrieved percentage of 24,62% can be categorized poor. It can be concluded that training programs, qualitycoaches, and facilities and infrastructure inserious FC in sequence can be categorized poor, quite good and poor.

Keywords: management planning, Performance Improvement, football

1 INTRODUCTION

The game of football is a sport that is very popular. Allure of football in Indonesia inspired by professional footballers who have individual ltechniques above – average of other players from around Europe famous club. With avariety of allure that the young people flock-flocking to the soccer school as early as possible, so astobe forgedhis talent as a football player would become their mainstay.

In effort coaching soccer sports achievements, needed elements of a vital support. One suchelementis the educated trainers. Coaches who are educated is a coach who understands very well the problems concerning coaching, a club will have a greater chance for success and coach achievement rather than a club that does notuse a trainer that has no basis incoaching. In addition to skills training and coach playing techniques, whichneed tobe taken into consideration is the physical exercise. Exercise can be done alone or coordinated in a club or training center. The physical condition is a unity of component swhich can not be separated, both improvement and maintenance, meaning in improving the physical condition must develop all components.

Strategic Plan for sport in Sanga Desa is asynergyof technical implementation football sports coaching through recruitment system based on "talent scouting" and doing sports coaching football continuously, directed and continuous referring to the long-term development athlete stoachieve optimal performance.

Football sports achievements in sub-district Sanga Desa which has not increased influenced by many factors. Factors affecting the achievement among others, the sports facilities, coaches, motivation, training, budget, moral support, and much more. It is no less important note is the election of football coaching strategy that football achievements in Sanga Desa is able to perform again. Developed or not depends on how guidance.

Based on the description above, problem in this researchis "How management Planning Foot Ball Sports Performance Improvement in sub-district Sanga Desa District Musi Banyuasin?"

This type of research in this activity is a quantitative research. As research subjects in the present study is that of the overall component Football Club in SangaDesa that coaches, players and management. With the improvement of the management of research variables football sports achievements in DistrictSangaDesa of MusiBanyuasin. Location Football Sport Management Research Development will be held in the sub-district Sanga Desa District Musi Banyuasin, the time of the study is planned in December 2014 to January 2015.

In this study data search was conducted using a variety of data collection methods, namely: (1) observation, (2) interviews within formants. The process of data analys is are performed continuously begins by reviewing all available data from various sources, from interviews, observations that have been written in the field notes, documents, and so on until the conclusion. In doing research data analys is refers to the stages described Miles and Huberman which consist sofseveralstages, among others:

- 1. Gathering information through interviews with key informant sarecompatible to research and then direct observation to the field to support research conducted in order to obtain the expected data sources
- 2. Reduction data is the process of selecting, focusing on simplification, transformation of raw data that emerged from the records in the field for researching purpose sheld transcript of data (data transformation) to select which information is deemedappropriate and not appropriate to the problem being research center in the field.
- 3. Presentation of data (data display) is a set of activities in the form of narrative information, network graphs, tables and charts whichaims to sharpen understanding of research on the selected in formationis then presented in tables or description explanation.

In the final stage is the conclusion or verification who find meaning in patterns of explanation, possible configurations, the flow of cause and effect and propositions. Inferences to be done carefully to verify the form of a review of the records in the field so that data can be tested its validity.

3 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The factors above is a component that causes a developmental achievement inserius FC. It is based on data and information found from the interview that has the writer explained above. This factor needs to be put forward so that the problems that led to grow in gabsence of serius FC achievement can be seenclearly.

1. Training Program

Training program which will be applied to the players have an enormous influence on the improvement of performance of the existing football players in serious football club FC. In order for directional guidance and has a goal that has been set, a trainer must prepare a training program focused on football training.

The following data on instrument training program based on responses administrators, coaches and players:

Distribution answer No. Responden Amount BS R KB TB Administrator 48,8 35,6 15,6 100 Coach 50 37,5 12,5 100 3. Player 48,27 42,88 8,85 _ 100 **Total** 147,07 115.98 36,95 300 Percentage (%) 49,02 38,66 12,32 100 Criteria Poor

Table1: Recapitulation of Instruments training Program Based on the Board's response, Coaches, Players

Based on the results, a coach actually implement guidance is directed, coordinated and orderly running systematically. From the analysis of the above data, that the training program in a serious FC on implementation has not varied, so that the club has not been able to improve performance through higher level. But the training program set to run smoothly and can be categorized as poor (49.02%).

2. Quality of Coach

The following data on the quality intrument of coach:

No	. Instrument						Amount
		BS	В		KB	TB	
1.	How many years haveyou coach?	3	1		-	-	4
2.	Before becoming acoach, Have you everbecomea player of football?	4	-		-	-	4
3.	Do you have coachingcertificate?	1	2		1	-	4
4.	Have youeverattended trainingcoaching?	3	1		-	-	4
Total		11		4	1	-	16
Percentage (%)		68,75	•	25	6,25	-	100
Criteria		Quite	Good				

To achieve the maximum performance of a club in addition to the factors athlete sand other supporting factors, factors largely determine the quality of the coach. Professional will not have difficulties to deliver athletes achieve maximum performance. In the sports world can be characterized trainers quality through increased ownership certificate coaches in certain sports. In live lines serius FC coach has had a football coach certificate. And based on the results of the study showed that the quality of the serius FC coach categorized quite good (68.75%).

Results were in line with what is said above Harsono (1988: 7) that the criteria of a good coach is: 1. Having extensive experience and scientific, 2. Having a personality that can be replicated, 3. Expert or have skills in those sports that can be handled, 4. Purpose and responsibility, 5. Educated as a coach, 6. Mastering or have knowledge in training support, 7. Good health, 8. Have a sense of humor, 9. It has a high creative, critical and willed that hard and disciplined.

3. Facilities and Infrastructure

Facilities and infrastructure a very important aspect in supporting the development of sports, as well as with sports coaching football at a serius FC. Facilities and infrastructure have contributed sufficient, while other facilities have not reached the level of compliance in accordance with the national standard football pitch, training equipment. The following data on the instrument facilities and infrastructures in serius FC:

Table3: Instruments of facilities and Infrastructures Based Response of Management, Player/Athlete and coach

		Distribution Answer				
No.	Instrument	BS	В	KB	ТВ	Amount
1.	Facilities and infrastructure which is owned	31	21	9	-	61
2.	Facilities and Infrastructureplayownedfoot ball able to support trainingprogram	36	14	11	-	61
3.	Ownedfacilities and infrastructurehave nationalstandards and met the	11	17	33	-	61
Total		78	52	53	-	183
Percentage (%)		42,62	28,42	28,96	-	100
Criteria		Quite	Good			

Based on the analysis, that the existing infrastructure in serius FC where the average respondent to respond to the instrument infrastructure owned by the club, good by 61.33%, amounting to28.67% quite good, poor at 10%. With these results, it can be said that the instrument infrastructure based on the responses given administrators, players/ athletes and coach coaches can be poor.

put forward some conclusions.

- 1. The training program in a serius FC is poor.
- 2. Coach Quality at serius FC categorized quite good.
- 3. Facilities and infrastructure in serius FC poor

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